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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/652,580	08/29/2003	Harlie D. Frost	1030-0002	9137
34456 LARSON NEV	7590 04/27/2007 WMAN ABEL POLANSKY & WHITE, LLP		EXAMINER	
5914 WEST COURTYARD DRIVE			NGUYEN, LEE	
SUITE 200 AUSTIN, TX 78730		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2618	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DEL HUD	VMODE
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/652,580	FROST ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	LEE NGUYEN	2618				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDON	DN. imely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 Fe	ebruary 2007.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
•	,— 11					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-51 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-34 and 49 is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 35-48, 50-51 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	ithdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Stion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Newly submitted claim 49 directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: image presentation of a camera.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claim 49 is withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 3. Claims 35-36, 40, 43-46 and 51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Zhang (US 2003/0054794).

Regarding claim 35, Zhang teaches a device controller method, comprising: presenting a graphical user interface on a display associated with a computing device 30 or 32 (para [0026], [0027]); communicating with an electronic device 22, 24, 26, 28 via local area radio frequency communication (para [0027], [0040], [0053]); determining that a controller file associated with the electronic device is available (service request, device capability, para [0061]); receiving the controller file and storing the controller file in memory associated with the computing device (return a graphical interface, description, control button, para [0061], [0062])); launching an application associated with the controller file for controlling the electronic device and inputting a command to the computing device for controlling the electronic device (play, pause, fast forward, para [0062]).

Regarding claim 36, Zhang also teaches determining the presence of an unknown electronic device within a communication range of the computing device (device discovery, para [0040]); and receiving at the computing device a controller file for the unknown electronic device (para [0032], [0061], [0062]).

Regarding claim 40, Zhang also teaches that the controller file resides in a memory local to the electronic device and the controller file is received via local area radio frequency communication (para [0063]).

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Regarding claim 43, the claim is interpreted and rejected for the same reason as set

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forth in claim 35. Zhang also teaches a cellular phone 32 (fig. 1)

Regarding claim 44, Zhang also teaches comprising a user interface for the cellular

telephone, wherein the user interface is configured to receive a user input to control the

controllable electronic device (para [0032]).

Regarding claim 45, Zhang also teaches that the set of instructions are further operable

to convert the user input into a command for the controllable electronic device and to

initiate communication of the command the controllable electronic device (para [0032]).

Regarding claim 46, Zhang also teaches that the cellular telephone comprises a local

area communication module, and the command is communicated by the local area

communication module (para [0040]).

Regarding claim 51, the claim is interpreted and rejected for the same reason as set

forth in claim 45.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claim 37 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhang in view of Linnartz (US 2002/0066018).

Regarding claim 37, Zhang does not explicitly teach inputting at the computing device an identifier for the electronic device and user authentication credentials. This type of cryptographic algorithm is also included in Bluetooth specification, which requires the device ID and PIN code for authentication, as taught by Linnartz in para [0005]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made

to provide the teaching of Linnartz to the system of Zhang in order to ensure the privacy of user's device.

6. Claims 38-39, 42, 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhang in view of Zweig (US 6,658,325).

Regarding claims 38-39, Zhang does not teach that the electronic device comprises a toy or network capable appliance and the step of receiving the controller file comprises over the air downloading of a Java application that comprises configuration application. Zweig teaches downloading configured Java application in col. 7, lines 37-41 and col. 8, line 59 through col. 9, line 3. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the teaching of Zweig to the system of Zhang in order to obtain rapid deployment and development instruction.

Regarding claims 42, 47, Zhang fails to teach that the toy is an automobile. Zweig teaches that the toy can be an automobile (col. 4, lines 40-46). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the teaching of Zweig to the system of Zhang in order to provide different kind of toys to the system.

7. Claims 41, 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhang in view of Koskimies (US 2004/0081110).

Regarding claims 41, 50, Zhang fails to teach that the controller file resides at a network location remote from the electronic device and the controller file is received via wide area radio frequency communication. The art of using a cellular communication system to download a file is conventionally well known, as taught by Koskimies in the abstract. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Koskimies to the system of Zhang in order to download file when a device is cellular phone.

8. Claim 48 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhang.

Regarding claim 48, Zhang fails to teach that the controllable electronic device is a television. It is taken official notice that using a wireless phone to control a television is conventionally well known. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a TV in the system of Zhang so that one also control the operation of a TV.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 35-48 and 50-51 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LEE NGUYEN whose telephone number is 571-272-7854. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, ANDERSON D. MATTHEW can be reached on 571-272-4177. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2618